



US DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

BLAST INJURY RESEARCH PROGRAM COORDINATING OFFICE

Hemorrhage Control and Resuscitation

Clinical Study of Resuscitative Endovascular Balloon Occlusion of the Aorta (REBOA) for Severe Pelvic Fracture and Intra-Abdominal Hemorrhagic Shock

REBOA is a minimally invasive technique used by the trauma, critical care, and emergency medicine community to temporarily occlude large vessels using a balloon. REBOA results in reduced blood loss, improvement of central hemodynamics, fewer blood transfusions, and less time to the operating room or interventional angiography suite. REBOA was approved by FDA in January 2015. Pryor Medical has scheduled first delivery of its catheters in January, 2016.